

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/647,503	02/21/2001	Samuel J. Tremont	2045.40PCT/US	7558	
5514 75	590 03/04/2003				
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO			EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112			ZALUKAEVA, TATYANA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1713	12	
			DATE MAILED: 03/04/2003	•	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1			A9-1
. ,		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		09/647,503	TREMONT, SAMUEL J.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Tatyana Zalukaeva, PhD	1713
Period	The MAILING DATE of this communication app for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
THE - Ex aft - If t - If N - Fa - An	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. tensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 er SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. he period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply 40 period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period willure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communication. JED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 D	December 2002 .	
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Thi	is action is non-final.	!
3) Disposi	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under lition of Claims		
- 4)⊠	Claim(s) 15-20 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.	
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.	
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>15-20</u> is/are rejected.		
7)[Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.	
Applica	tion Papers		
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.	
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	oted or b) objected to by the Ex	aminer.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
11)[_	The proposed drawing correction filed on	. ,, ,	roved by the Examiner.
40)	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•	
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).
а	ı) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applica	tion No
*	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the control of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the cert	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	· ·
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	·	
·	a) The translation of the foreign language pro- Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been re	eceived.
Attachme	-	, ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2) 🔲 Not	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Il Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 09/647,503 Page 2

Art Unit: 1713

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claim 15 has been amended in Paper No.12 to remove two types of covalent bonds between the polymer and the linker and leaving only N-C and P-C covalent bonds in place. Claims 19 and 20 has been amended to introduce new limitations. New claim 20 is added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Rejections of claim 15 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by Ebert et.al. (Journal of Biomedical materials Research, Vol.16, 629-638, 1982) or Blossey et.al (J.Org Chemistry, 1990, 55,4664-4668). Or Sarobe et.al. (Polymers for Advanced Technologies, Volume 7, 749-753, 1996), or Severian et al (Reaserch Paper "Bioactive Polymers" 58 Chim OGGI, 09-1988, No.9, 59-63), <u>are withdrawn</u> due to an

Art Unit: 1713

amendment leaving <u>only N-C and P-C</u> covalent bonds between the linker and the polymer in place.

Ebert et.al. describe the immobilization of prostacyclin (active ingredient) on a polymer surface to ensure its sustained release over time. The procedure involves the use of diaminoalkane spacer (linker) arm interposed between the polymer surface and immobilized active ingredient.

In Materials and Methods section Ebert exemplifies a polymer chosen for immobilization as crosslinked polystyrene beds, which were further chlorsulfonated. The spacer was linked to preliminary prepared polymer, wherein the bonding between linker and polymer was confirmed by UV-Spectral analysis. After this stage was accomplished, the active ingredient, namely prostaglandin F2-alpha, was contacted with derivatized polymer to produce an immobilized (covalently bonded) physiologically active compound. The immobilized preparation showed improved release of an active ingredient versus time. The release of the said active ingredient which hag platelet aggregation inhibiting properties was due to its biodegradation (hydrolysis) of a covalent bond between the active ingredient and linker. The covalent bond is S-N double bond.

Blossey discloses drug delivery system wherein dehydrocholic and cholic acid (active ingredient), attached via their carboxy group, to chlormethylated polystyrene. Synthetic transformation of bound steroids containing carboxyl and

Application/outrien realise

Art Unit: 1713

hydroxyl groups and esterification of hydroxyl was confirmed by ¹³C NMR. A spacer, p-alkoxybenzoyl group, was used in conjunction with crosslinked polystyrene support and hydrochloic acid to obtain sustained-release preparation of hydrocholic acid. The NMR spectrum showd strong ssignals, characteristic of cross-linked polystyrene, containing hydroxymethyl groups. (Page 4664, col.2).

Experimental Section of the article provides specifics for chlomethylated crosslinked polystyrene, and spacer (Merrifield peptide resin), namely p-alkoxybenzyl (p.4667, col.1). On page 4668 Blossey exemplifies the delivery system which consists of polymer-spacer-dehydrocholate, which means it contains an active ingredient containing carboxyl functional group, a linker which is attached to an active ingredient via hydrolyzable covalent bond and a crosslinked polymer. In the instant case the bond between the linker and polymer <u>is an oxygen-carbon double bond</u>.

Sarobe teaches systems comprising an immunoglobulin G (active ingredient, protein having carboxyl and amino groups), covalently coupled to chloromethylstyrene beads. One of the best known in the art procedures for coupling of amino groups of protein to a polymer is via a reaction of the said protein with water soluble <u>carbodiimide</u> (linker). Sarobe utilizes polystyrene beads with chloromethyl functional groups, prepared by <u>covalent coupling of polystyrenes</u> (polymer) with chloromethyl containing moieties (linkers), and thus afterwards providing a one-step reaction of chloromethyl group of derivatized polymer with amino group of protein molecules. (Page 749, col.2) In the systems prepared with chloromethyl functionality,

Application/Control Number: 09/647,503 Page 5

Art Unit: 1713

the attack of amino groups (in active ingredient molecule) on the chloromethyl groups of a polymer is governed by the diffusion of nucleophile. Severein discloses drug delivery systems. Scheme 1 on page 63 provides for a delivery system, wherein a metronidazole (an active ingredient) is bonded covalently to a copolymer of acrylic acid with styrene via an activator dicyclohexyl carbodiimide. There is no covalent C-N or C-P bond between the linker and the polymer.

5. <u>Claims 15-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the</u> alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over WO 92/01477.

WO'477 discloses a drug delivery system which an active ingredient (abstract), a linker and a polymer that is crosslinked, the acrive ingredient (drug) has active hydroxyl groups, ester groups, amino groups, carboxy groups, keto-enol groups etc (page 5, lines 5-12). Polymeric material attached to a linker group. I this case the covalent bond is formed between an active ingredient and a linker group and a linker group in its own turn is attached to a polymer. (page 9, lines 10-20). Covalent bond between the linker and the polymer that can be cleaved under acidic conditions includes bonds of the following types: silyl ethers and esters, acetals, thioacetals, <u>imines (C-N bond)</u>, <u>aminals, carbonates and vinyl estrs</u>. (page 9, lines 19-25). Polymers preferred by Tremont contain dimethylaminogroups (page 10, lines 1-20). The polymers may be crosslinked in order to render them insoluble under acidic conditions (page 10, lines 34, 35). The covalent bond between the drug and the linker is hydrolytically cleaved under

Application/Control Number: 09/647,503

Art Unit: 1713

physiological conditions to release the effective amount of drug (page 11, lines 33-37). See also general schemes on pages 17-20.

Therefore the limitations of the instant claims are anticipated by WO'477.

In the alternative this rejection is made under 35 USC 103(a), since the reference teaches a small genus of linkers which places a claimed species in the possession of the public, *In re Schaumann*, 197 USPQ 5, and the species would be obvious even if the genus were not sufficiently small to justify a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102.

Alternatively, the disclosure and claims provide the person of ordinary skill in the art with the motivation and a reasonable expectation of success to make and use the suggested C-N and C-P bonds between the linker and the polymer, and thus to arrive at the instant claims.

- 6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 15-19 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

Application/Control Number: 09/647,503

Art Unit: 1713

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Tatyana Zalukaeva, PhD whose telephone number is

(703)30-8819. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Wu can be reached on (703)308-2450. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for

regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-

0651.

TATYANA ZALUKAEVA

PATENT EXAMINER

Tatyana Zalukaeva, PhD Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1713

February 26, 2003

Page 7